



Czech Language/Orientation Lesson

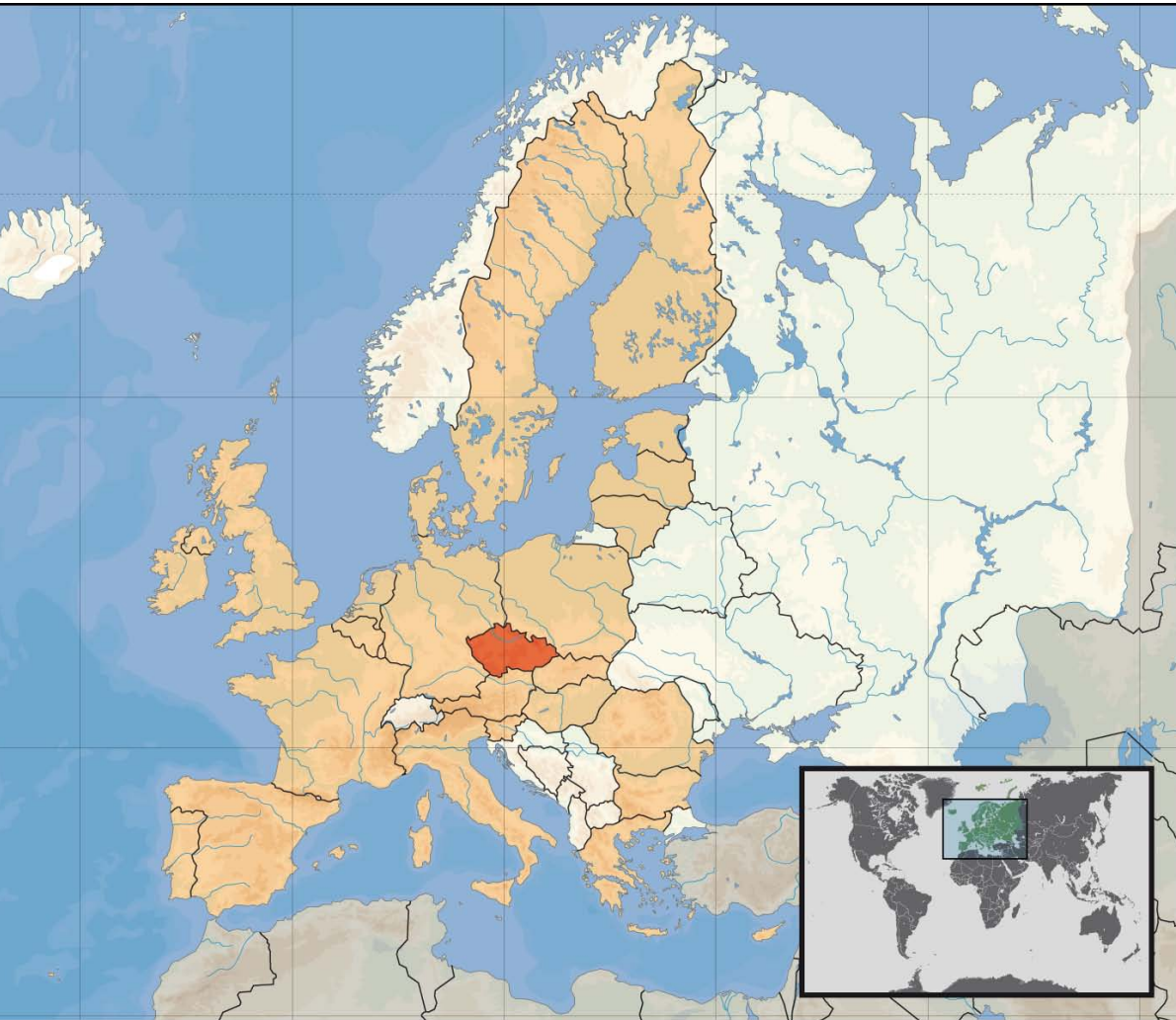
Lukáš Sýkora

7.11.2011, Cawsand

Content

- Basic facts about the Czech Republic
- Language
- History
- Customs
- Gastronomy
- Q & A

Geography



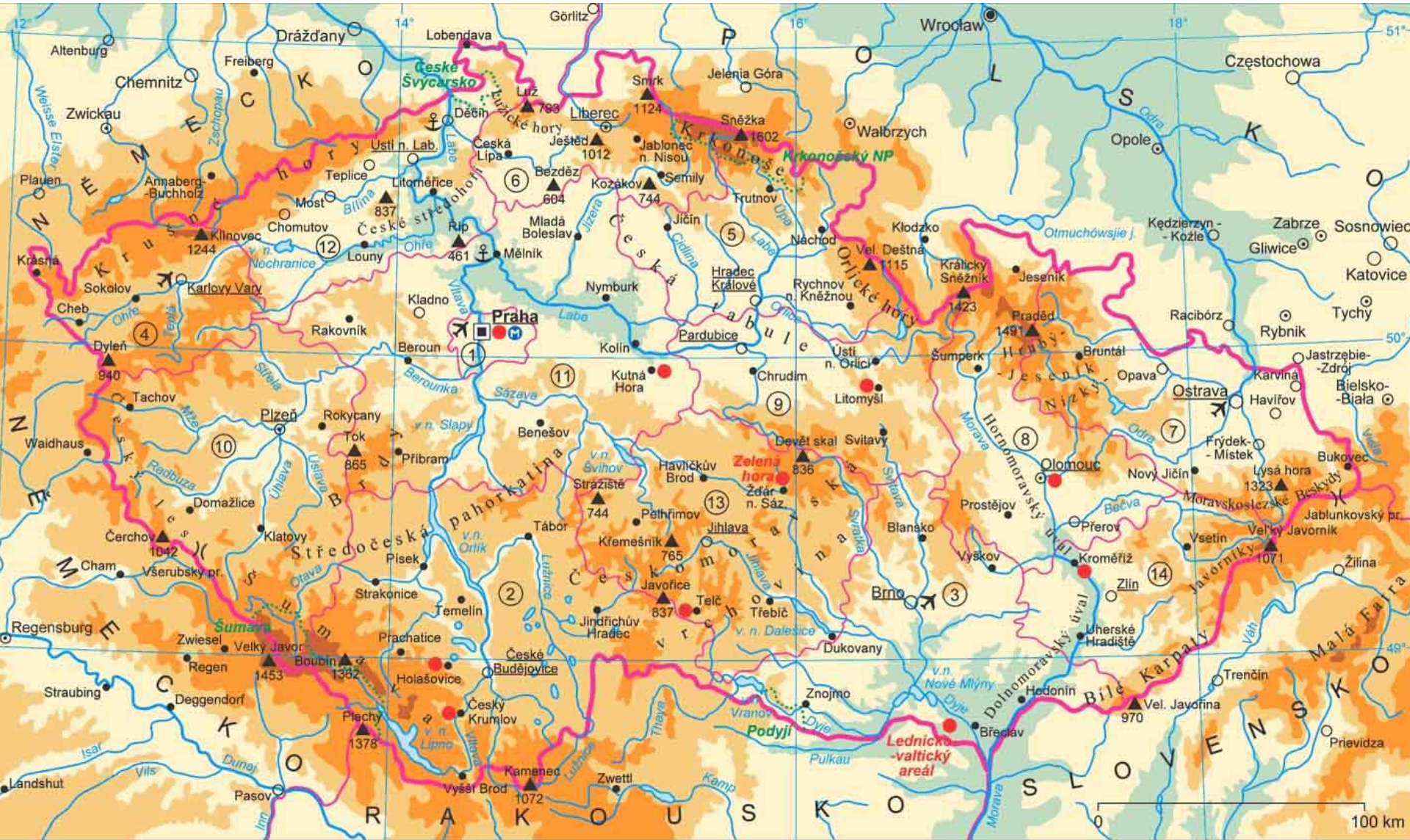
Area

- 78,866 km²
- 30,450 sq mi

Population

- 10,000,000

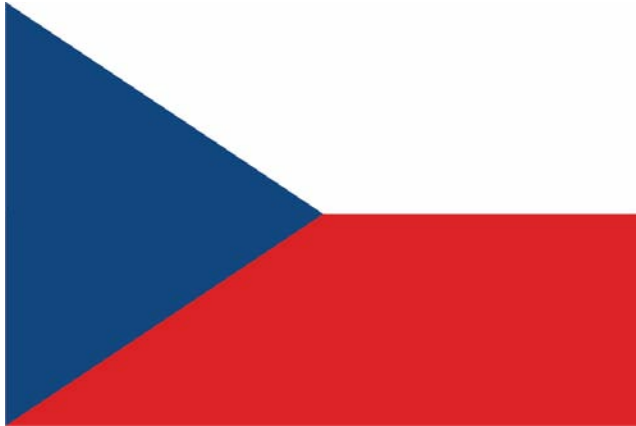
Map



Regions



Symbols



Flag

Motto:

- "Pravda vítězí" (Czech)
- "Truth prevails,,

Jan Hus



Coat of arms

Anthem:

- " Kde domov můj? " (Czech)
- "Where is my home?,,

František Škroup
Josef Kajetán Tyl

Anthem

Where is my home, where is my home?
Water roars across the meadows,
Pinewoods rustle among crags,
The garden is glorious with spring blossom,
Paradise on earth it is to see.
And this is that beautiful land,
The Czech land, my home,
The Czech land, my home.

Kde domov můj, kde domov můj?
Voda hučí po lučinách,
bory šumí po skalinách,
v sadě skví se jara květ,
zemský ráj to na pohled!
A to je ta krásná země,
země česká domov můj,
země česká domov můj!

Content

- Basic facts about the Czech Republic ✓
- Language
- History
- Customs
- Gastronomy
- Q & A

Tongue Twister

Třistatřiatřicet stříbrných křepelek přeletělo přes třistatřiatřicet stříbrných střech.
Three hundred and thirty three silver quails flew over three hundred and thirty

Alphabet/Abeceda

a, b, c, d, e, f,
g, h, i, j, k, l, m, n,
o, p, q, r, s, t, u,
v, w, x, y, z

English alphabet – 26 letters

Alphabet/Abeceda

a, b, c, d, e, f,
g, h, **ch**, i, j, k, l, m, n,
o, p, q, r, s, t, u,
v, w, x, y, z

Letter CH

Alphabet/Abeceda

a, **á**, b, c, d, e, **é**, f,
g, h, **ch**, i, **í**, j, k, l, m, n,
o, **ó**, p, q, r, s, t, u,
ú, **ů**, v, w, x, y, **ý**, z

Long letters

Alphabet/Abeceda

a, á, b, c, č, d, d', e, é, ě, f,
g, h, ch, i, í, j, k, l, m, n,
o, ó, p, q, r, ř, s, š, t, t', u,
ú, ů, v, w, x, y, ý, z, ž

Letters with hook

Czech alphabet – 42 letters

Grammar

- I go - jdu
- I will go - půjdu
- you go - jdeš
- you will go - půjdeš
- will you not go? - nepůjdeš?
- we go - jdeme
- we do not go - nejdeme

Greetings

Hello (Good day)	Dobrý den
Hi	Ahoj / Čau
Good morning	Dobré ráno
Good afternoon	Dobré odpoledne
Good evening	Dobrý večer
Good night	Dobrou noc
Good bye	Na shledanou

Meeting People

What's your name?	Jak se jmenujete?
My name is Lukas.	Jmenuji se Lukáš.
Nice to meet you.	Těší mě.
How are you?	Jak se máte?
I'm fine, thank you.	Mám se dobře, děkuji.
Where are you from?	Odkud jste?
I am from Great Britain.	Jsem z Velké Británie.
How old are you?	Kolik je Vám let?
I am 27 years old.	Je mi dvacet sedm let.

Communication

Do you speak English?	Mluvíte anglicky?
I don't speak Czech.	Nemluvím česky.
I don't understand.	Nerozumím.
Can you repeat it?	Můžete to zopakovat?
Please speak slowly.	Prosím mluvte pomalu.
How do you say ... in Czech?	Jak se řekne česky ...?

Little Big Words

yes	ano
no	ne
please	prosím
here	tady
there	tam
who	kdo
what	co
when	kdy
where	kde / kam

Little Big Words II

why	proč
how	jak
a little	trochu
more	víc, více
less	míň, méně
Excuse me.	S dovolením.
I'm sorry.	Promiňte.
Thank you.	Děkuji
You're welcome.	Není zač. / Prosím

Numbers

0	nula	9	devět	18	osmnáct	50	padesát
1	jeden/jedna	10	deset	19	devatenáct	60	šedesát
2	dva/dvě	11	jedenáct	20	dvacet	70	sedmdesát
3	tři	12	dvanáct	21	dvacet jedna	80	osmdesát
4	čtyři	13	třináct	22	dvacet dva	90	devadesát
5	pět	14	čtrnáct	23	dvacet tři	100	sto
6	šest	15	patnáct	24	dvacet čtyři	200	dvě stě
7	sedm	16	šestnáct	30	třicet	1000	tisíc
8	osm	17	sedmnáct	40	čtyřicet	2000	dva tisíce

Days of the Week

Monday	pondělí	day	den
Tuesday	úterý	week	týden
Wednesday	středa	month	měsíc
Thursday	čtvrtek	year	rok
Friday	pátek		
Saturday	sobota		
Sunday	neděle		

Telling Time

What time is it?	Kolik je hodin?
It's one o'clock.	Je jedna hodina.
At what time?	V kolik hodin?
At one o'clock.	V jednu hodinu.
hour	hodina
minute	minuta
day	den
earlier	dříve
later	později

Telling Time II

morning / in the morning	ráno
noon / at noon	poledne / v poledne
afternoon / in the afternoon	odpoledne
evening / in the evening	večer
night / at night	noc / v noci
now	nyní
today	dnes
yesterday	včera
tomorrow	zítra

Sightseeing

Please where is the ...?

Prosím, kde je ...?

museum	muzeum	church	kostel
bridge	most	monastery	klášter
quarter	čtvrť	park	park
theater	divadlo	gallery	galerie
Old Town	Staré Město	square	náměstí
castle	hrad	toilets	záchody
tower	věž	cemetery	hřbitov

Sightseeing II

go straight ahead	jděte rovně
turn left	zahněte vlevo
turn right	zahněte vpravo
go backwards	jděte zpět
road	cesta
street	ulice

Content

- Basic facts about the Czech Republic ✓
- Language ✓
- History
- Customs
- Gastronomy
- Q & A

Prehistory

- 8th century: part of Great Moravia – first Slav state
- 9th century: Kingdom of Bohemia
- 14th century: Czech King Charles IV
 - Charles University in Prague
 - Charles Bridge
 - Charles Square
 - Prague Castle and cathedral of Saint Vitus.
- 15th century: Hussite Wars – against Holy Roman Emperor
- 17th-18th century: Dark Age
- 19th century: part of Austrian Empire



Czechoslovakia

- 1.WW – Austrian Empire was defeated
- 1918 – Czechoslovakia
- 1938 - Munich Agreement (signed by Nazi Germany, France, Britain and Italy)
- 1939 - Protectorate of Bohemia and Moravia
- 1945 - 3 million people, were expelled to Germany and Austria
- 1948 - all-Communist government was formed
- 1968 - Warsaw Pact invasion
- 1989 – Velvet revolution and independence
- 1993 - country peacefully split into the independent Czech Republic and Slovakia



Content

- Basic facts about the Czech Republic ✓
- Language ✓
- History ✓
- Customs
- Gastronomy
- Q & A

Currency



- £1 = 30 Kč (korun)
- bread/chleba: 15 Kč (£0.5)
- beer/pivo: 10 Kč (£0.35)
- beer in a pub: 20 Kč (£0.7)
- meal in restaurant: 90 Kč (£3)

Sports

- Hockey
 - 1998 Nagano, gold medal, Winter Olympics
- Football
 - 1996 European Championship – silver
 - 1996 European Championship – bronze
- Netball



Content

- Basic facts about the Czech Republic ✓
- Language ✓
- History ✓
- Customs ✓
- Gastronomy
- Q & A

Czech cuisine

- Meat (maso)
 - pork (vepřové), beef (hovězí), poultry (drůbež), rabbit (králík)
- Gravies (omáčky) and dumplings (knedlíky)
 - Gravies usually incorporate cream, butter and flour.
 - bread dumplings, potato dumplings



Beers and Wines

- Beers
 - more than 450 breweries
 - the biggest consumption
- Wines
 - mainly in South Moravia
- Shots
 - the bittersweet Becherovka liqueur



Content

- Basic facts about the Czech Republic ✓
- Language ✓
- History ✓
- Customs ✓
- Gastronomy ✓
- Q & A



Sources:

<http://www.locallingo.com/> - A site that helps you learn Czech.

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Czech_Republic

<http://www.czech.cz/>

<http://translate.google.com/> - dictionary with pronunciation